Teaching Conversation Skills from Single Words: a Hierarchy of Twelve Objectives

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Suggested Prerequisite Skills

Using any mode of communication, the student:

- --Sorts objects pictures into 10 categories
- --Selects objects by category (e.g. Give me the vehicle)
- --Labels at least 5 objects within 10 categories, including colors, shapes, numbers and letters

Single Word Parallel Statements

Objective #1: The student will make single-word parallel statements about paired objects with 80% accuracy during 15-minute individual sessions with the SLP [e.g. SLP (holding car): Car. Student (holding train): Train. SLP: Vroom-vroom. Student: Choo-choo. SLP: Road. Student: Tracks].

SUGGESTIONS:

- --Use objects within the same category with multiple contrasting features.
- --Use "preemptive prompting" to prevent echoing with gradual release.
- --Intelligibility can be addressed simultaneously.
- --Reward completion of each pair of items, or
- --Each correct response (or even correct prompted response) for learners with very low frustration tolerance.

Two Word, Single Feature Questions

Objective #2: The student will respond to two-word, single-feature questions about objects with 80% accuracy during 15-minute individual sessions with the SLP (e.g. What color vs. What shape vs. What sound).

SUGGESTIONS:

- --Continue to use preemptive prompting as needed.
- -- Use materials with many contrasting features.
- --Expand variety of features as the student becomes more capable (e.g. What place, What taste, What feeling).
- --Ideas for questions will come to you over time as you work with the students.

Two Word Parallel Statements

Objective #3: The student will make two-word parallel statements about paired objects with 80% accuracy during 15-minute individual sessions with the SLP [e.g. SLP: My

Car. Student: My Train. SLP: Car, Vroom-vroom. Student: Train,

Choo-choo. SLP: It's orange. Student: It's red.]

Two Word Respond-Repeat

Objective #4: The student will repeat a two-word question after responding to it with 80%accuracy during 15-minute individual sessions with the SLP (e.g. SLP: What vehicle? Student: Train. What vehicle? SLP: I have a car. What sound? Student: Choo-choo. What sound? SLP: Vroom-Vroom. What place? Student: Tracks. What place. SLP: My car goes on the road).

COMMENTS & SUGGESTIONS:

- --Typically most challenging skill to teach and learn--be persistent and creative.
- --You may want to increase reinforcement again for correct (or prompted correct) responses.
- --Preemptive prompting is always necessary initially, at least in my experience.
- --You can also use written stimuli (e.g. Core Vocabulary) as visual supports.
- --Begin modeling more appropriate syntax in your responses at this level, but keep the questions at 2 words.

Two Word Mixed Practice

Objective #5: The student will demonstrate all skills during mixed practice with 80% accuracy during 15-minute individual sessions with the SLP (e.g. SLP: *My car.* Student: *My train.* SLP: *What sound*? Student: *Choo-choo. What sound*? SLP: *Vroom-vroom.*).

COMMENT: I've just begun working on this skill with a small group. It's going well so far!

Three Word Parallel Statements

Objective #6: The student will make three word parallel statements about paired objects with 80% accuracy during 15-minute individual sessions with the SLP (e.g. SLP: *This my car.* Student: *This my train.* SLP: *Car go vroom-vroom.* Student: *Train go choo-choo.*)

SUGGESTION: Core Vocabulary can be especially helpful to support developing syntax at this stage.

Three Word Respond-Repeat

Objective #7 The student will repeat a three word question after responding to it with 80%accuracy during 15-minute individual sessions with the SLP (e.g. SLP: What you have? Student: Train. What you have? SLP: I have car. SLP: What sound train? Student: Choo-choo. What sound car? SLP: Car go Vroom-vroom.).

Three Word Mixed Practice (Small Group)

Objective #8: The student will respond to and repeat who, what, and where questions about objects with 80% accuracy during 20-minute small group activities led by the SLP (e.g. SLP: What you have? Student #1: I have train. What you have? Student #2: I have airplane. What you have? SLP: I have a car. Who flies an airplane? Student #2: Pilot fly airplane. Who drive train? Student #3: Engineer drive train. Who drive car? SLP: A driver drives a car.)

SUGGESTIONS:

- --Expand question forms to include "who" and "where" questions about the objects.
- --Begin to expand your own utterances to approach conventional English.
- --Expand the number of objects used as stimuli.
- --Rotate students' position in the group.
- --I have begun using pennies as reinforcers that the students can use to "purchase" sound effects on my device. They love it!

Small Group Conversation Skills

Goal: During a 25-30 minute Speech session, the student will:

Objective #9: respond to and repeat 6/6 SLP- or peer-generated who, what, where, when, why, and how questions related to a given topic.

Objective #10: repeat each question to a different peer.

Objective #11: recall peer-generated details following the activity.

Objective #12: generate 6 different wh-questions related to a given topic.

COMMENTS:

- --I begin teaching this skill by generating the questions myself.
- --As the students become able, I rotate them through this position.
- --I generally choose the topics, but sometimes they're suggested by the students.
- --Student reference Core Vocabulary to prompt question types and sentence structure
- --We work on non-verbal communication skills at the same time, but I typically don't write them as objectives.