Collaborative **Transitions** in **Early Childhood Special Education**

March 15, 2025 8:30-10:00am MSHA Conference

Macmorris template



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TODAY'S AGENDA

- Getting Started
- Rules & Regulations
- Evidence-Based Principles
- Time to Reflect
- Wrap Up



1. Getting Started

Let's get to know each other!

Access to Google folder

https://tinyurl.com/CollabTransMSHA



Getting to know the group...

How many of you work with Birth to 3 Early Intervention?

How many work in preschool-level service provision?

How many work with both?



2. Rules and Regulations

Federal and State Requirements

Part C of IDEA Regulations

- Children participating in Part C, and who are potentially eligible for preschool programs under Part B, MUST experience a smooth and effective transition to preschool programs 34 CFR §303.124.
- For a child exiting Part C, the transition conference must be held, with family approval, at least 90 days and not more than 9 months prior to the toddler's third birthday for children potentially eligible for Part B services §303.209(c)

State Performance Indicator B-12

States must have policies and procedures to ensure children and families who are leaving Part C services are ensured a seamless transition from one program or system to the next. The transition from an IFSP to an initial IEP must take place and be implemented by the child's 3rd birthday. What percentage of accuracy is required?



Part C of IDEA Regulations

 The role of the Part C Service Coordinator by law consists of seven activities, one of which is the development of a transition plan to preschool services (Part B) if appropriate [CFR 34 303.302(d)]





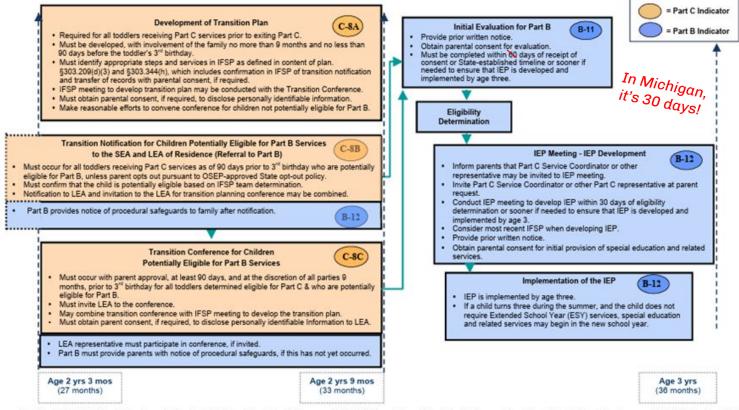
- The transition notification to the LEA must be treated as an initial referral
- Staff must make reasonable effort to contact the parent to obtain consent 34 C.F.R. § <u>300.300(a)(1)(iii)</u>
- A copy of the procedural safeguards must be provided to the parent upon referral or parent request for an evaluation 34 C.F.R. § <u>300.504(a)(1)</u>.

Part C of IDEA Regs

- An LEA must take certain specific steps upon receipt of Part C's referral as described below.
 - (1) must be evaluated and their eligibility determined under Part B; and
 - (2) if determined eligible, must have an IEP developed and implemented by their third birthdays. 34 C.F.R. §§ <u>300.101(b)</u>, <u>300.124(b)</u>, and <u>303.209</u>.
- With the parent's consent, the LEA must conduct the initial evaluation of a child suspected of having a disability under IDEA in accordance with the specified procedures and within State-established timeline and consistent with 34 C.F.R. § 300.301, with the exception of the Michigan MARSE Rule that requires a 30-day timeline instead of the IDEA 60-day timeline.

Part C to Part B Early Childhood Transition Timeline for SPP/APR Indicators C-8A, 8B, 8C, B-11 and B-12

For Part C Children Determined Eligible at least 90 Days Prior to Their 3rd Birthday



Developed by NECTAC in collaboration with the Early Childhood Transition Workgroup of the RRCP General Supervision Priority Team and the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP), September, 2012

Initial IEPs: Team Up!

IDEA requires more than one person to attend and determine initial eligibility

Must have a district designee who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the district/LEA

Individuals who have direct knowledge of the child

The child's parent(s)/guardian(s)

At least one individual from each early childhood program being considered for placement who has knowledge of program requirements

Appropriate special education administrator, when needed

3. Evidence-Based Principles

...Related to Transitions from Early Intervention to Preschool and More

Transition:



The events, activities and processes associated with key changes between environments or programs during early childhood years, and the practices that support the adjustments of the child and family to the new setting.

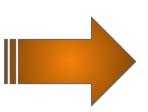
~Division for Early Childhood



Transition Includes:

- Vertical Transitions from one level to the next (i.e. Part C to Part B, preschool to Kindergarten, etc.)
- Horizontal Transitions changes between services, providers, classrooms, and programs





Transition



It occurs over time, beginning at the initial visit with the family. The process involves preparing both children and families for their subsequent adjustment to new settings, services, or environments and includes the continuum of options from no services, to other programs.

Successful Transitions Address Four Objectives:

1. Continuity of services



- 2. Minimal disruptions to the family system
- 3. Ability of children to function in new placements
- 4. Compliance with legal requirements

Family Centered Care

In a national study of Part C and Part B Coordinators, what was the percent of staff that reported family-centered care as a core value?



Successful Transitions Require

- Supportive infrastructure
- Alignment between sending and receiving programs
- Effective communication and coordination between sending and receiving team members
- Child and family preparation/adjustment
- Positive relationships, especially between service providers and families



DEC Recommended Practices

- Practitioners in sending and receiving programs exchange information before, during, and after transition about practices most likely to...
- Practitioners use a variety of planned and timely strategies with the child and family before, during, and after the transition to...

...support successful adjustment and positive outcomes for both the child and the family.

As children and families transition OUT OF your setting



- Opportunities for families to learn about the new program
- Information about the registration process and documents they will need
- How the new environment with be similar to and different from your program
- Information and resources about transition

As children and families transition INTO your setting



- The daily schedule
- The best ways for families to communicate with staff and get timely answers to questions
- How the child will be cared for and comforted when needed
- How the family can be engaged in the child's learning
- A list of resources within your program

Benefits of Effective Transition Practices for Children



- Continuity with earlier experiences
- Increased motivation and openness to new things
- Enhanced confidence
- Improved relationships with others
- Greater sense of trust

Benefits of Effective Transition Practices for Families



- Increased confidence in children's ability to achieve in a new setting
- Improved self-confidence in ability to communicate and effectively influence others
- A sense of pride and commitment to their ongoing involvement in their child's development
- Greater knowledge and appreciation of early programs and staff

Benefits of Effective Transition Practices for Staff



- Increased knowledge of the children
- Enhanced ability to meet individual needs
- Increased parental and community support
- More resources and awareness
- Larger network of professional support
- Sense of pride

Common Debates between Early Intervention and Preschool Special Ed Teams



Who should have primary responsibility for coordinating the transition from early intervention to Part B services?

Who should have primary responsibility for making placement (and other) IEP decisions?

Sending Team (Early Intervention)



Receiving Team (Preschool)



Communication and Collaboration

Sending Team (Early Intervention) Receiving Team (Preschool)

Practices validated by the National Early Childhood Transition Center (NECTC)

CLICK HERE to view a

one-page summary

Practices Validated by the National Early Childhood Transition Center (NECTC) These recommended practices were developed in collaboration with the Division for Early Childhood of the Council for Exceptional Childhon These excontinentiate predices were developed in covationation with the unitian for turny unitarities of the covation to excounts to excounts and the National Association for the Education of Young Children. The National Early Childreod Transition Center was funded through the

Interagency Service System

A primary contact person for transition is identified within each program or agency. Community- and program-wide transition activities and timelines are identified. Referral processes and timelines are clearly specified. Enrolment processes and timelines are clearly specified. Program eligibility processes and timelines are clearly delineated. Agencies develop formal mechanisms to minimize disruptions in services before, during, and after the transition of Staff and family members are actively involved in the design of transition processes and systems. Staff roles and responsibilities for transition activities are clearly delineated. Conscious and transparent connections are made between the curriculum and expectations for the child across Methods are in place to support staff-to-staff communication within and across programs. Families meaningfully participate as partners with staff in program- and community-wide transition efforts.

Child and Family Preparation and Adjustment

Individual child and family transition meetings are conducted. Staff follow up on children after the transition to support their adjustment. Transition team members share appropriate information about each child who is making a transition. Transition plans are developed that include individual activities for each child and family. Staff know key information about a broad array of agencies and services available within the community. Children have opportunities to develop and practice skills that they need to be successful in the next environment. Families are aware of the importance of transition planning and have the information they need to actively Families' needs related to transition are assessed and addressed. Families have information about and are linked with resources and services to help them meet their specific child Families actively participate in gathering information about their child's growth and development. This table can also be found in Kagen, S.L. and Tarrant, K. (2010) Transitions for Young Children. Battmore: Brookes Publishing, p. 70.

NECTC Worksheet

View the worksheet HERE

Effective Transition Practices ξ Strategies Activity Sheet 6

The National Early Childhood Transition Center examines factors that promote successful transitions between infant/toddler programs, preschool programs, and public school programs for young children

- between many rougher programs, presenced programs, and public senced programs for young enduren with disabilities and their families. This activity sheet is drawn from NECTC's research and recommenda-• PRACTICES are defined as the key elements of transition planning that are regularly and consistently
- STRATEGIES are defined as specific program or classroom activities used to implement a practice.

Instructions: Here are 10 (of 21) effective transition PRACTICES recommended by NECTC. Under each, you'll find 2 STRATECHS you might use to implement that particular practice. Can you think of another STRATECHY

Practice 1

Practice 2

A primary contact person for transition is identified within each program or agency.

Identify a contact person for follow-up in case parents have questions after meetings.

Identify a staff member as a "contact person" to visit families prior to the initial IEP to establish rapport.

Practice 3

Referral processes & timelines are clearly specified.

Develop & follow memorandum of understanding (MOU) between early intervention \$ preschool programs to make referrals at age 2 years 6 months & transition by 2 years 9 months to district for preschool.

Provide outreach services to other agencies & professionals so they are comfortable \$ knowledgeable about available programs when referring families.

Community-wide & program-wide transition activities & timelines are identified.

Provide informational flyers about programs for designated age groups which are disseminated widely in community settings (e.g., grocery stores, WIC offices) in a variety of formats (e.g. posters, local papers) before and

Send letters to parents in their primary language regarding what to do to enroll their child in the program or school district & invite them to visit the receiving school.

Activity Sheet for Participants

Practice 4 Enrollment processes & timelines are clearly

Develop guidelines to assist parents & agencies to better understand timelines & enrollment

Develop a connected database system to ensure & support enrollment and services.

Another resource

March 2008

Designing and implementing effective Early childhood transition processes

CLICK HERE to

view this resource

Have a designated contact person to support effective transition planning Developed by the National Early Childhood Transition Initiative a collaborative partnership of

National Early Childhood Transition Center Regional Resource and Federal Center Network National Early Childhood Technical Assistance Center



Early On Training & Technical Assistance (EOT&TA) Resources

CLICK HERE

https://eotta.ccresa.org/index.php



Clinton County RESA Innovative Projects

Through strong partnerships and quality system supports, Clinton County RESA Office of Innovative Projects (CCRESA OIP) administers statewide and regional initiatives for early childhood providers, teachers, administrators, faculty, and families. Funded through grants and contracts from the Michigan Department of Lifelong Education, Advancement, and Potential (MiLEAP), the Michigan Department of Education, and intermediate school districts, we work to support the implementation of *Early On*, preschool special education, early childhood systems, and more. Our professional development projects include *Early On* Training and Technical Assistance, the *Early On* Center for Higher Education, and Preschool Special Education Training and Technical Assistance. Child



find and outreach projects include *Early On* Public Awareness, Build Up Michigan, Michigan Preschool, and Help Me Grow. Eligibility and enrollment projects are powered by MIEarlyChildhood.org. CCRESA OIP administers Strong Beginnings, a pilot preschool program for 3-year-old children. We are pleased to serve the needs of educators, service providers, faculty, and families throughout Michigan.

ECTA Website

https://ectacenter.org/topics/transition /transition.asp



4. Reflection Activity

Identifying Current Practices

1		
K	00	
		Q

- Do you have a written set of procedures?
- Is there equity between sending and receiving teams?
- What is working well?
- What problems with your transition processes are you experiencing currently?

Complete this Reflection Sheet.

Feel free to collaborate with others or ask questions.

sheet			Childhood Special Education
serioing and rece	iving to		e knows who is responsible for doing wha ut it needs improvement
How is the work distributed between	sending	and rece	tiving teams?
Early Intervention team handles all of it			
Reflect on your current practices to	r these	steps:	PreK special education team handles all of it
bears responsibility, the process followed, Task	or what n	eeds impr	e space provided to make notes on who ovement.
Track transition dates for children moving from Part C to Part B	0-3	PreK	Details / Notes
Begin the planning process with the family for the transition from Part C to Part B between 90 days and 9 months prior to the child's 3rd birthday Complete a REED within 30 days of he planned date of the IEP chedule the date for the initial IEP			
vite parties from sending and ceiving teams to the IEP including a presentative from receiving preK Dgram(s)			
nduct any additional assessments ded her any additional data needed to the EIP decisions regarding LRE, irams, services, SAS, s/objective. Include data from ths/guardinas and outside ce providers, if any.			

5. Strategies and Tools

Things to help with improving effective practices

Transition Tools Folder

Introduction Document

Access the Transition Tools Google Folder



https://bit.ly/ECSETransitionTools

Skills Rubric

Different skills rubrics are also available in the Transition Tools folder but they will not align with the Summary Sheet

Inclusive Placement & Planning Discussion Framework - Skills Rubric

General Number & Scope of IEP	No Concern (Ø)		Moderate (M)		
Goals//Objectives How many goals & objectives does the child have and how involved are they?		 Only 1 or 2 goals with objectives that require mildly intensive intervention Classroom staff will be able to support the child with minimal effort 	A One to the	objectives that indicate child will need significant support to participate in regular classroom	Comments
Health History/Status Nilergies, diagnosed medical conditions, surgeries, eeding concerns, hearing/ ision, frequent illnesses	No known or suspected health concerns	 General good health May require some limited health care monitoring and/or procedures (eg. EpiPen for allergy) 	Mild to moderate or occasional health concern or chronic health issues that are controlled May require specialized health care procedures	participate in classroom and access curriculum	
te of toys and materials propriate for age, mbolic/ pretend play, lity to follow direction in	task, follows directions and home/class routines, with minimal or no prompting Age-appropriate spontaneous, and varied play skills	and/or targeted instruction Appropriate play skills but may be limited in variety; can follow directions during play	Some appropriate play skills but limited variety; needs some help to follow directions during play and/or initiate at	Possible need for a health care aide constant prompting to participate in activities, stay on task and follow directions Requires frequent explicit and/or targeted instruction Curriculum modifications needed for participation in class activities Uses toys in inappropriate/ non- functional way or needs specific instruction to	

rom "LRE Considerations for Preschool Age Children Eligible for SPED" created by the Ionia Intermediate School District

Summary Sheet

Inclusive Placement and Planning Discussion Framework – Summary Sheet Placement Recommendations: Program

Child's Name

Birthdate Cert

Current Program/Placement

Does the family have need for a particular program and/or start time? Y/N Please specify:

Does the child still nap? Y/N

If a full-day program is being considered, what additional supports may be needed, if any?*

Will the child need access to before and/or after school care? Y/N

Is there a particular child/teacher/para that already ha a bond with the child that may aid his/her adjustment to a new classroom? Y/N If so, who?

Is there a particular teacher who would be best suited to meet this child's needs? Y/N If so, who?

What influence would exposure to general education peers and/or general education curriculum potentially have for this child?*

Is there a need to further adapt the classroom environment to meet the needs of the child?* Y/N If so, describe:

Is there a need for staff training (general ed and/or special ed) in order for intervention strategies to be implemented successfully and with fidelity?* Y/N If so, describe:

If other children with special needs are being placed in the same classroom, how do their needs balance with those of others?" (overlap Summary Sheets to compare)

Are there other factors that require further follow up?* Y/N If so, specify:

Inclusive Placement and Planning Discussion Framework

	OtherOther	She
	Early Childhood Services (ECS)	
	Responsible for case management, coordinating all services and reay provide additional special education support(s)	
	Number and Scope of ITO and it	How
- 1	Number and Scope of IEP Goals/Objectives How many goals & objectives does the child have according to their IEP and how involved on the child have according to	
		1
	Health History/Status	+
	Allergies, medical conditions, pursuant	1
		1
	Cognitive/Learning/Play Skills	-
	Use of toys and materials appropriate for age, symbolic/pretend play, ability to follow directions	1
11	Attention/Impulsides/html	
	Control impulses, attend to activities, manage energy level	
	Motivation	
11	Initiation, independence and evening	
11		
Ш	Speech and Language Services (SLP)	-
1.15	Receptive Communication	
112	IO what extent does the child under the	
1	rom others?	
1	Expressive Communication (System)	
	communicate?	
S	ocial Communication	
- W	that amount of promotion down	
-	interactions with others?	
P	hysical Therapy (PT)	
La	arge Motor/Mobility	
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	ccupational Therapy (OT)	_
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Preschool and Kindergarten Activities Planners

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transitioning to next accents				
Morning Meeting				
amending to the teacher, special searching				
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	1 1			
Planning/Recall up to the second planning whet	1 1			
Free Play/"Work Time"	1	1		
toys/materials appropriately		1		
Large Group		1		
Large Group Transitioning to and from, attending to others following directions, maintaining participation				
following directions, manners				
remaining in the area				
Small Group				
Wait time, following directions, exploring		-		
materials, answering questions				
Clean Up				
Transition to clean up, putting items in		-		
appropriate spaces, self-regulation				
Toileting/Hand Washing	1			
Accessing toilet/sink, performing all steps		-		
independently				
Outdoor Play/Gym				
Outdoor Play/office Physical ability to participate in activities and/or navigate landscape/equipment safe	ly			
and/or navigate landscape/ ego				
Nap/Rest Time	g on			
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cot/mat for reasonable amount of the napping, participating in calm/quiet activity	ies			
napping, participating in carrier				
Dismissai Locating locker, Donning outerwear and backpack, Transitioning to caregiver/bus				
backpack, Transitioning to call government				
Other				

Kindergarten Activities Planner

To what extent will the child need support during typical Kindergarten activities?

No Concern: Child's development will be supported during the course of high quality Kindergarten curriculum activities;

Low Needs: Child will likely need brief and/or mild support to participate in regular classroom activities/routines

Moderate Needs: Child will need moderate level adult supports and/or adaptations to participate/accomplish tasks High Needs: Child will need direct adult support and/or modified

	provide and/or modifica	tion of activities a	proprint 18585
	No Conservation	of accivities to partic	ipate/accomplish tasks
/8	No Concern		Casks

Arrival/Bus	No Concern	Low	Moderate	
Separating from caregiver/bus, traveling to classroom, locating locker, removing clothing, placing backpack and other set.			moverate	High
placing backnack and worker, removing clothing.				
Morning Menting /				
seating, visual supports, use of AAC,				
Alphabet Knowledge, Phonological Awareness, Concepts of Print, Rhuming, Francess,				
Concepts of Print, Rhyming, Sequencing Writing Instantion				
Fine motor skills, writing/drawing, ability to work independently				
work independently, endurance, task				
management, following directions Math Instruction				
Numeraci				
Numeracy, quantity concepts, ability to work independently, fine motor skills				
Social Studies Instruction				
Understanding concepts, attending to others, following directions				
following directions, completing work/projects Breakfast/Lunch/Snack				
Dening packages (Shack				
Opening packages, feeding self, using utensils,				
ransitioning to/from table or cafeteria, special eating, noise sensitivity, social conversation Pecials — Muscle Conversation				
pecials - Music (A-i				
Now directions, and and and wolk				
dependently, access and share materials, anipulate materials				
	1			
cess/Gym				
vsical ability to post				
p/Rest Time				
sition to calm/quiet state, remain on				
mat for reasonable amount of time (if not ping), participate in calm (if not				
ping), participate in calm/quiet activities				
ing locker, Donning outerwear and				
back, Transitioning to caregiver/bus				
live Placement and Planning Discussion Fra				

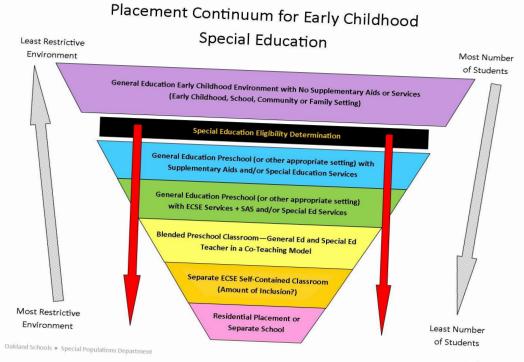
Strengths, Interests & Preferences

Use this form when planning how to work on IEP goals and objectives or other target skills

Integration/Util Child's Name:			, second ence	•
List Strengths, Interests	, Preferences			
Select items from this list for use add/change items as the child's in Dislikes/Aversiones	in the chart below. It is not	PERSON In Life of the		
Dislikes/Aversions:	terests may change over tim	e. Attach Reinforcement In	from this list. However, it is ventory, if used.	important to revis
se the following char nd/or preferences int	t to brainstorm ide o interventions for	as on how to inter targeted skills (g	grate the child's st oals and objective	rengths, inte
	Strengths, I	nterests, Prefere	nces (Select one	.).
Target Skills			lices (Select one	per column
1				
	Discussion Framework			
Placement				

Continuum of Placement Options

NOTE: These are specific to the State of Michigan



Legal References

Yours is blue!

Legal References Regarding Preschool Inclusion

Legislative requirements for children ages 3 and above are included in Part 8 of the individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). The following are excerpts from the IDEA that pertain directly to considerations of Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) and providing access to inclusive placements for

§300.114 LRE Requirements

(2) Each public agency must ensure that-

(i) To the maximum extent appropriate, children with disabilities, including children in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are nondisabled; and (ii) Special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with disabilities from the regular

educational environment occurs only if the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.

§300.42 Supplementary aids and services defined

Supplementary aids and services means aids, services, and other supports that are provided in regular education classes, other education-related settings, and in extracurricular and nonacademic settings, to enable children with disabilities to be educated with nondisabled children to the maximum extent appropriate in accordance with §§300.114 through 300.116

§300.115 Continuum of alternative placements

(a) Each public agency must ensure that a continuum of alternative placements is available to meet the needs of children with disabilities for special education and related services. (b) The continuum required in paragraph (a) of this section must-

(1) Include alternative placements listed in the definition of special education under §300.38

(instruction in regular classes, special classes, special schools, home instruction, and instruction (2) Make provision for supplementary services (such as resource room or itinerant instruction) to

§300.116 Placements

In determining the educational placement of a child with a disability, including a preschool child with a

(a) The placement decision-

(1) is made by a group of persons, including the parents, and other persons knowledgeable about the child, the meaning of the evaluation data, and the placement options; and

Questions to Consider

Yours is yellow!

Additional questions can be found <u>HERE</u>

IPPDF: Questions to Consider
IEPs when considering Least Restrictive Environment (LRE). Teams are not required to answer all questions, however doing so can help to ensure thorough consideration of LRE for individual children.
consideration of LRE for lock ideal and an answer all questions, however
Child's Name
Child's Name Date Date
What are the child's strengths and abilities?
What setting(s) is the child in currently?
Has the child had any experience interaction with
Has the child had any experience interacting with children without IEPs in a regular early childhood or community environment? If so, how is the child fairing in that environment?
What activities can the child participate in with minimal to no support?
What challenges has the child experienced?
- when wented i
What current supports does the child need?
What is a
What behaviors/skills are considered developmentally appropriate for children this age?
Does the child have any specific behavioral concerns?
Is there a need to modify or adapt curriculum and/or environment in a regular education setting?
Does the child have any goals or objectives that could best be met in a regular education environment?

Questions???



8. Share Out/Wrap Up

What will you take away from this training?